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Rules of Inference II, §7.2

I. Four more Rules of Inference

These four forms are valid. Check them using the indirect truth table method.

1) Conjunction, abbreviated (Conj)

P
 Q / $P \cdot Q$

“I have peas. I have carrots. So I have peas and I have carrots.”

2) Addition, abbreviated (Add)

P / $P \vee Q$

“I have peas. So, either I have peas or Barney is a purple rabbit.”

3) Simplification, abbreviated (Simp)

$P \cdot Q$ / P

“I have peas and I have carrots. So I have peas.”

4) Constructive Dilemma (CD)

$(P \supset Q) \cdot (R \supset S)$

$P \vee R$ / $Q \vee S$

Note the similarity to Modus Ponens.

Be careful to avoid these two invalid inferences!

1) P / $P \cdot Q$

2) $P \vee Q$ / P

II. Exercises A. For each of the following arguments, determine which, if any, of the 8 Rules of Implication is being followed. (In these exercises, if no rule of inference is used, then the argument is invalid.)

1)
 $A \supset (B \cdot C)$
 $\sim(B \cdot C)$ / $\sim A$

2)
 $[(D \vee E) \supset F] \cdot [F \supset (G \equiv H)]$
 $(D \vee E) \vee F$ / $F \vee (G \equiv H)$

3)
 $I \supset \sim J$
 $K \supset I$ / $K \supset \sim J$

4)
 L
 $\sim M \cdot N$ / $\sim(M \cdot N) \cdot L$

5)
 O / $O \cdot \sim O$

6)
 $P \quad / P \vee [Q \equiv (R \cdot \sim P)]$

7)
 $S \vee \sim T$
 $\sim \sim T \quad / \sim S$

8)
 $\sim U \equiv V$
 $(\sim U \equiv V) \supset W \quad / W$

9)
 $X \supset \sim Y$
 $\sim Y \supset Z \quad / (X \supset \sim Y) \cdot (\sim Y \supset Z)$

10)
 $(A \vee \sim B) \vee \sim \sim C \quad / A \vee \sim B$

11)
 $\sim [D \supset (E \vee F)]$
 $[D \supset (E \vee F)] \vee [G \supset (E \cdot \sim F)] \quad / [G \supset (E \cdot \sim F)]$

12)
 $[(G \vee H) \cdot I] \cdot (\sim I \equiv K) \quad / (G \vee H) \cdot I$

III. Examples of derivations using the new rules of inference.

A derivation using (CONJ) and (SIMP):

1. $A \supset B$
 2. $F \supset D$
 3. $A \cdot E$
 4. $\sim D \quad / B \cdot \sim F$
 5. $A \quad 3, \text{Simp}$
 6. $B \quad 1, 5, \text{MP}$
 7. $\sim F \quad 2, 4, \text{MT}$
 8. $B \cdot \sim F \quad 6, 7, \text{Conj}$
- QED

A derivation using (ADD):

1. $\sim M \vee N$
 2. $\sim \sim M \quad / N \vee O$
 3. $N \quad 1, 2, \text{DS}$
 4. $N \vee O \quad 3, \text{Add}$
- QED

A derivation using (CD)

1. $N \supset (O \cdot P)$
 2. $(Q \cdot R) \supset O$
 3. $N \vee (Q \cdot R) \quad / (O \cdot P) \vee O$
 4. $[N \supset (O \cdot P)] \cdot [(Q \cdot R) \supset O] \quad 1, 2, \text{Conj}$
 5. $(O \cdot P) \vee O \quad 4, 3, \text{CD}$
- QED

A longer derivation:

1. $(\sim A \vee B) \supset (G \supset D)$

2. $(G \vee E) \supset (\sim A \supset F)$
 3. $A \vee G$
 4. $\sim A$ / $F \cdot D$
 5. G 3, 4, DS
 6. $G \vee E$ 5, Add
 7. $\sim A \supset F$ 2, 6, MP
 8. F 7, 4, MP
 9. $\sim A \vee B$ 4, Add
 10. $G \supset D$ 1, 9, MP
 11. D 10, 5, MP
 12. $F \cdot D$ 8, 11, Conj
- QED

IV. Exercises B. Derive the conclusions of each of the following arguments using the 8 Rules of Inference. *

- 1)
 1. $A \cdot B$
 2. $(A \vee E) \supset D$ / $A \cdot D$

- 2)
 1. $L \vee M$
 2. $N \cdot \sim O$
 3. $N \supset \sim L$ / M

- 3)
 1. $(P \cdot \sim \sim Q) \supset R$
 2. $\sim S \supset P$
 3. $\sim Q \supset S$
 4. $\sim S \cdot T$ / R

- 4)
 1. $I \supset J$
 2. $J \supset K$
 3. $L \supset M$
 4. $I \vee L$ / $K \vee M$

- 5)
 1. $(U \supset T) \cdot (W \supset X)$
 2. $U \cdot Y$
 3. Z / $(T \vee X) \cdot Z$

- 6)
 1. $G \supset (\sim H \cdot I)$
 2. $H \vee J$
 3. G / $J \vee K$

- 7)
 1. $(A \vee B) \supset F$
 2. $(F \vee B) \supset [A \supset (D \equiv E)]$
 3. $A \cdot D$ / $D \equiv E$

8) If either Sandy or Ted win, then both Ulalume and Vicky lose. Sandy wins. Prove that Ulalume loses.

9) If Will once beat the fireman at billiards, then Will is not the fireman. If the brakeman is Xavier, then Xavier is not the fireman. If Will is not the fireman, and Xavier is not the fireman, then Yolanda is the fireman. If the brakeman is Xavier

and Yolanda is the fireman, then Will is the engineer. Will once beat the fireman at billiards. The brakeman is Xavier. Prove that Will is the engineer.

*Solutions may vary.

V. Answers to Exercise A:

1. (MT)
2. (CD)
3. (HS)
4. invalid
5. invalid
6. (ADD)
7. invalid
8. (MP)
9. (CONJ)
10. invalid
11. (DS)
12. (SIMP)

Sample Solution for Exercise B.9

Using the following legend:

A: Will once beat the fireman at billiards

B: Will is the fireman

C: The brakeman is Xavier

D: Xavier is the fireman

E: Yolanda is the fireman

F: Will is the engineer

So:

1. $A \supset \sim B$
 2. $C \supset \sim D$
 3. $(\sim B \cdot \sim D) \supset E$
 4. $(C \cdot E) \supset F$
 5. A
 6. C /F
 7. $\sim B$ 1, 5, MP
 8. $\sim D$ 2, 6, MP
 9. $\sim B \cdot \sim D$ 7, 8, Conj
 10. E 3, 9 MP
 11. $C \cdot E$ 6, 10, Conj
 12. F 4, 11, MP
- QED