

Fourth Paper Assignment

1. Your fourth paper is due at the beginning of class on May 3. Your paper should be double spaced, approximately 1000 - 1800 words, in a reasonable font, such as 11 point Times, with reasonable (e.g. one-inch) margins. Paginate your paper. Do not right justify (i.e. fully justify) it. Late papers will be penalized.
2. Your fourth paper should be a standard, rhetorical paper, defending a thesis. The topic of your paper should be some theme from our readings on either the nature of mind or ethics, Classes 17-27. Most papers should and will consider at least two different readings.

Mind

Descartes, "On the Nature of Mind"
Arnauld and Descartes on the Mind
Skinner, from *Science and Human Behavior*
Hempel, "The Logical Analysis of
Psychology"
Armstrong, "The Nature of Mind"
Fodor, "The Mind-Body Problem"
Jackson, "Epiphenomenal Qualia"

Ethics

Plato, "What is Right Conduct?"
Plato, "Why Should I Be Moral"
Mill, from *Utilitarianism*
Nozick, "The Experience Machine"
Kant, from *Groundwork of the Metaphysics of
Morals*
Noonan, "Abortion is Morally Wrong"
Warren, "The Personhood Argument in Favor of
Abortion"

3. Standards for academic writing vary by discipline. Philosophical writing should be attentive to every detail. Write simply, and clearly. Minimize use of jargon. Observe standard rules of grammar and spelling. Avoid history and biography. Focus on the arguments. Avoid these common infelicities: Conclusions are based *on* evidence, not *off of* evidence. 'Reference' should not be used as a verb. Do not use 'critique' where 'criticism' will do.
4. Feel free consult the peer tutors in the Writing Center or your classmates. Remember to acknowledge all assistance you have had on your paper.
5. Your work for this paper should mainly consist of you and your chosen readings. Other sources you consult while writing, including any websites you visit and any persons with whom you talk, must be noted. References to our assigned readings may be indicated in line: "Some truths there are so near and obvious to the mind, that a man need only open his eyes to see them" (Berkeley, §6). Other sources require a list of references at the end of the paper, along with in-line citations. Internet sources must include a live URL. I must be able to trace any source.
6. We may discuss some of your work in class. Any student work I present to the class will be anonymized.
7. You may not re-write the fourth paper for an improved grade.
8. Violations of academic integrity, like plagiarism, will lead to failing grades.

The Hamilton College Honor Code will be enforced.

Some General Guidelines For Writing A Philosophy Paper

1. Introduce your paper by briefly stating your thesis, the conclusion you will defend. Be specific. Your paper should be an extended argument supporting your thesis.
2. Argue for your thesis. Each element of your paper should relate directly to your specific thesis. When editing your paper, think about the role that each paragraph plays in support of your thesis. Think about the role that each sentence plays in each paragraph.
3. Provide plenty of road signs along the way. (E.g. “First I will argue...; then I will argue...”; “In the last section, I showed that...”.) Make sure that you and the reader know the narrative structure of your paper, and the role of each part.
4. Connect, rather than merely concatenate, the various assertions in your paper. Beware of beginning paragraphs or sentences with claims like, “Another argument is...” Show how each of the portions of your paper fit together.
5. Consider the best objections to any thesis you defend. Consider responses to those objections, and counter-responses. Avoid straw persons, arguments which no one really holds but which are easy to refute.
6. Avoid arguments from authority. Do not accept without question what any philosopher says. Argue your own point of view, but through the writings of the philosophers.
7. Conclude your essay by summarizing what you intended to say in the paper. You may indicate questions for further research. You may indicate the limits of your argument. E.g. “My argument only shows that Descartes’s argument is faulty, not that his conclusion is false.”
8. Write tight. Edit down.
9. Here are two sample templates for philosophy papers:
 - A. Single-philosopher paper
 - Thesis: A argues that p, but not-p
 - Careful exposition of A’s argument
 - Considerations opposing at least one premise
 - Alternative positive account (lessons from A’s failure)
 - Modest conclusion, repeating thesis
 - B. Compare and contrast
 - Thesis: A argues that p. B argues that q, which is incompatible with p. B is right and A is wrong. (Or, both A and B are wrong.)
 - Careful exposition of A’s argument.
 - Careful exposition of B’s argument.
 - Considerations favoring B’s argument over A’s argument (and/or considerations against B’s argument)
 - Alternative positive account

Links to excellent advice for writing philosophy papers are available on the course website.